RETAIL.

BOYS AFFECTED.

POLITICIANS, HORSE RACERS, PARENTS AND SMALL

Nearly forty laws passed by the last Legislature of the State went into effect yesterday. The act ealing the Horton law is among the forty. Ancher important one is expected to prevent the important one is expected to prevent the contraction of frauds upon business houses. This s an addition to Section 363 of the Penal Code, and provides that no person or persons shall hereafter carry on business in this State under any me or fictitious firm style unless they first file with the clerk of each county in which y intend to do business a certificate setting forth the name under which the business is connoted and the true and full name of the person r persons carrying on the business, with their addresses. Persons now carrying on business der such fictitious firm names are required to fie these statements within thirty days after the act goes into force, and persons hereafter under-taking business under such names are required to file a statement with the County Clerk before they begin business. Failure to comply with these prosisions is made a misdemeanor. This law does not apply, however, to incorporated bodies, under legal warrant, nor does it prevent the use of a partnership name which includes the true name of ast one of the persons doing business under that

were filed yesterday, and the Deputy County Clerk, George H. Fahrbach, said he expected five thousand certificates would be filed before September 30. Most of the certificates were filled in by lawyers. They covered all kinds of businesses, from instalment loan associations to laundries, drygoods conperns, butchers' shops and cigarette manufacturers, s well as news associations. Each certificate cost 5 cents, which goes to the State, while a 10-cent senue stamp has to be attached to every them. Assistant District Attorney Maurice B. Blumenthal said the District Attorney's office would resecute to conviction every person who failed to be a certificate before September 30, or who filed

false certificate.
Another of the forty laws forbids the use of rading stamps."

The divorce law is changed so that alimony can be reduced or wholly cancelled where the defendant has become poorer since the award was made or the plaintiff has married a well to do husband since her divorce. Under the old law the courts could not vary modify or annul decrees as to alimony which were made prior to 1894. The new law makes the statute of 1894 retroactive.

It is now a misdemeanor to solicit from a candidate for an elective office money or other property in return for newspaper or other support in a political campaign.

Fourth of July the small boy will grieve new law which makes it a misdemeanor for any person to sell or give an air gun or spring gun to any person under twelve years of age, or to give or sell a toy pistol using blank cartridges to any person under sixteen years of age. A notable decrease of accidents may be the result, however,

JERSEYMEN IN THE BIG DEAL,

STATE SENATORS, ASSEMBLYMEN AND OTHER POLITICIANS IN CONTROL

Camden, N. J., Sept. 1 (Special).-The newly organized South Jersey Gas, Electric and Traction Company to-day gave out a list of its organizers. The officers are: President, Anthony R. Kuser, of Newark: vice-president, William J. Bradley, Camden; secretary and treasurer, Thomas N. Mcof Newark. Directors-Uzal H. Mc-Carter, of Newark; Forrest F. Dryden, of Newark; Chandler W. Ryker, of Newark; Thomas A. Nevins, of East Orange; John L. Kuser, of Bordentown or less Orange; John L. Kuser, of Bordentown; William J. Thompson, of Gloucester; John J. Burleigh, of Camden; Herbert W. Johnson, of Merchantville; Charles Watson, of Camden; Barker Gummera, of Trenton; Frank Bergen, of Elizabeth; Thomas C. Barr, of Orange; Frank W. Montgomery and Maitland F. Griggs, of New-York.

The authorized capital of the new company is \$5,000,000, and the amount of its capital issued and outstanding is \$3,289,000.

NINTH NATIONAL BANK AFFAIRS.

PRESIDENT CILLEY SAYS THE REPORTS OF A CHANGE PREMATURE

K Cilley, president of the Ninth National Bank, was asked by a Tribune reporter last night if the reports about the proposed changes in his posed of the larger part of his holdings in the

The reports that the management of the Ninth National is to be changed, and that the bank and tome others in the neighborhood are to be con-solidated are premature. The same can be said about the story that Alvah Trowbridge, president of the North American Trust Company, has been selected to be the head of the Ninth National. Fuch a change as indicated in the reports about the bank is only a scheme of the North American Trust Company.

It is said that Mr. Cilley disposed of most of his interests in the bank to a syndicate headed by C. H. Imhoff, the vice-president of the bank.

Alvah Trowbridge, president of the North American Trust Company, gave a qualified confirma-tion of the report that he has been selected to sucley. "I would rather not speak of the matter at all," he said yesterday, "but in view of the premature announcements which have been made I will go so far as to say that there is a good deal of truth in them. It was not intended to make any announcement of the reorganization until all the details had been arranged."

Mr. Imhoff and his colleagues are planning to make the Ninth National the most important banking institution in the wholesale drygoods district, and will endeavor, it is said, to consolidate the Ninth National with some of the other banks of the neighborhood. According to reports heard yesterday overtures have been made to the National Citizens' Bank, No. 401 Broadway; the People's Bank, No. 355 Canal-st.; the Pacific Bank, No. 470 Broadway, the Mechanics and Traders' Bank,

No. 68 Broadway, and the East River National Bank, No. 682 Broadway.

Omclais of some of these banks denied that they had been approached. Nevertheless, in the whole-sale drygoods district it is generally believed that a policy of absorption will follow Mr. Trowbridge's administration.

It is expected that Mr. Trowbridge's resignation of the presidency of the North American Trust Company will be laid before the directors on September II, and that Oakleigh Thorne, the vice-president, will become his successor.

COUNTERWANDING OF CASTELLANE SALE.

REPORTED EXPLANATION IS THAT THE GOULDS

PAID THE COUNT'S DEBTS. What purported to be an explanation of the rea

son why the sale of Count Castellane's castle was countermanded was contained in a cable dispatch published in this city yesterday. In that dispatch It was asserted that the Count and his wife, who was formerly Miss Anna Gould, failing on their recent visit to this country to obtain advances from the Gould estate, decided to put up the Castellane

This step, it was reported, was regarded with aversion by the Gould family, and that George and Edwin Gould, in the course of their stay in Paris, consented to pay the principal creditors of Count Castellane in order to obviate the scandal of a sale under the hammer. Then, according to the dispatch, the Count, taking advantage of the vituation, refused to accept any help unless all his debts were wiped out.

These conditions, it was explained further, George

These conditions, it was explained further, George and Edwin Gould ultimately agreed to, but they refused, the report adds, to intrust the money to the Count's hands, but themselves paid the creditors. Edwin Gould sailed on Saturday from Cherbourg on the St. Louis. Mr. and Mrs. George Gould are still in Paris. At the offices of ex-Judge John F. Dillon, the Gould family legal adviser, all knowledge was denied yesterday as to the truth of the report, or as to the asserted financial embarrassment of Count Castellane. WOMEN SAVE UNION VETERAN'S LIFE.

New-Brunswick, N. J., Sept. 1 (Special).-A single story house in Union-ave., Bound Brook, occupied by John Toubler, an aged and infirm veteran of the Mexican and Civil wars, was destroyed at noon to-day by a fire which followed the explosion of a ene stove. Toubler lived alone. Mrs. King and Mrs. Meyer, his neighbors, saw smoke coming out of the house and hastened to the old man's assistance. They found him shouting for aid, and, owing to his rheumatism, quite unable to help himtelf. The women carried nim outdoors, and he escaped serious injury. The house belonged to the town, and was only tolerated because of compassion for the aged veteran, who is eighty-nine years old. His army relies, including discharge papers, were destroyed.

NEW LAWS NOW IN FORCE. DR. SEAMAN ON ARMY FOOD

THE SURGEON-MAJOR BACK FROM THE PARIS MEDICAL CONGRESS AND

A SHOOTING TRIP

Dr. Louis L. Seaman, of No. 18 West Thirty-firstst., late surgeon-major of the 1st Regiment, United States Volunteer Engineers, who attended the International Medical Congress in Paris, was a passenger on the steamer Deutschland, which arrived yesterday, on a record making trip. Dr. Seaman has offered his services to the Government for duty in China, and his return from abroad was hastened to some extent on account of the probability that he will soon be wanted.

A man has to be a rather enthusiastic sportsman to go to the trouble of transporting twenty or thirty brace of Welsh grouse three thousand miles for the benefit of his friends, but that is what Major Seaman did on his trip home from England this time.

'I had pretty good luck at the shooting, having killed about four hundred birds," said Dr. Seaman yesterday afternoon to a Tribune reporter. "I was the guest of Evan Powell, who is interested in coal properties in West Virginia. He has a fine estate in Wales. There are about eight thousand acres in it, and on all the moors I suppose there is not a tree larger than one's wrist. The shooting begins on August 12-'glorious August 12.' they call it there-and the guests of Mr. Powell had magnificent sport following that date. The English grouse is perhaps a triffe heavier than the American part-ridge, darker on the breast, and there are small crimson crests over each eye. They thrive in Wales on the seeds of the heather, with which the moors are thickly covered. Their crops are full of the heather seeds this time of year. streak, and that is why shooting them affords such high class sport."

SOLDIERS DIET A CAUSE OF DISEASE.

Dr. Seaman read a paper before the International Medical Congress on "The Soldier's Rations in the Tropics: Its Use and Its Abuse." With reference to the subject the doctor said:

Tropics: Its Use and Its Abuse." With reference to the subject the doctor said:

We have about seventy thousand troops in the Philippines, and 60 per cent are sick because of excessive meat diet. The existing ration, containing so much meat, is one of the most astoundingly wrong things connected with the Army in the Philippines to-day. It is more than wrong. It is damnable. I notice that recently an order was issued providing for candy for the soldiers. That order was dictated by common sense. That is what the soldiers need—sweets, sugar. Give them chocolaio, candy, or sugar, and you'll soon see a large decrease in the hospital list.

Americans as a rule have a poor opinion of the Chinese soldier, but I am prepared to say, after investigation, that he has far greater endurance in tropical climates than our own soldiers on their present diet. The Chinese soldier gets about one pound of meat a week, the remainder of his ration being made up principally of rice and flour. His sustenance and pay together amount to \$5 a month, with no pension, and yet in fighting the Boxers these same Chinese soldiers have exhibited far stream of the sustenance and pay together amount to was folders. In our late Spanish-American War fourteen men died from disease for every one that was killed by bullets. Every death from preventable disease is an insult to the intelligence of the age. When it occurs in the Army it becomes a crime. The morals of most wars are cash. From a moral, then, as well as from an economic standpoint, the State should guard the soldier's health, for nothing is more costly in war than disease and afterward than the pension.

The critics of the present Army ration are told that the ration is fixed by law, and that only an act of Congress can change it. When men are being invalided by thousands a statement like that is not worthy of consideration. If the ration is not a proper one, it should be changed at once. I am going to keep hammering away on this subject until something is done.

When our troops were sent to

IMPROPER FOOD WORSE THAN CLIMATE.

Dr. Seaman was asked if his paper, read before the Medical Congress, had touched on the subject of sugar as a part of the Army ration, and he replied that it had. On the request of the reporter Dr. Seaman furnished a copy of his paper, which contains the following, among other things:

contains the following, among other things:

Attributing to climate the diseases of the tropics is an error due to ignorance and custom. The vast majority of ailments credited to climate have their origin in the use of improper food. During the last two years it has been my misfortune to see two great armies, one in my own Southern country, in Cuba and Porto Rico, and one in the Philippines, largely invalided through errors in improperly subsisting the troops. When whole regiments were suffering from stomach and intestinal catarrhs, diarrheas and kindred complaints they were subsisted on a ration of rich meats, pork, beans, tomatoes and other foods that aggravated the disease, crowded the hospital tents and left the men weak and emaciated, so that their return to health was a prolonged struggle.

The advantages of sugars are only now leginning to be appreciated. When energy is to be liberated rapidly with the least tax upon the digestive system, sugar, an almost pure soluble carbo-hydrate, would seem to be the ideal food for the purpose. Nature's prodigal supply of sugar cane and low heat producing, but nourishing, fruits in tropic lands would seem to indicate their peculiar adaptability for the particular requirements of inhabitants of hot zones. The bee and the colibri, whose marvellous endurance is the wonder of the physiologist and philosopher, derive their power almost exclusively from sugar. Among the troops in Porto Rico and the Philippines whose appetites and digestions had become impaired there was a craving for candies and sweets which was assonishing, all due to the same physiological reason—the instinctive desire for an easily metabolized energy producing food which these articles supplied.

A liberal ration for the soldier in the tropics could be supplied in the following articles: Freeh meat, ten ounces, or its equivalent in dried or smoked beef; bacon, two ounces; succulent and green vegetables, fourteen ounces; dired fruits, two ounces; sugar, four ounces; succulent and green vegetables. Fourtee

From this list an extremely light portable travel From this list an extremely light portable travel ration could be selected. By doubling the quantity of sugar, the bulky carbo-hydrates (the vegetables, fruits and cereals) could be omitted, and the energy supplying quality of the ration maintained at almost its full standard. If supplemented by an occasional indulgence in fruits and vegetables to be found en route—to supply vegetable salts and acids—an army could subsist for months under the severest physical strain, and maintain its health and vigor.

DANN WRITES HE WANTS TO COME BACK.

MRS. DANN SAYS A FEW EMPHATIC AND DIS-COURAGING WORDS IN REPLY

Bloomfield, N. J., Sept. 1 (Special) .- John Dann, a tailor, who mysteriously disappeared from his home in this town six years ago, leaving his wife and several children in a destitute condition, has been heard from by his wife, who had given him up for dead. Dann sent a letter from England, saying that he was without means of support, and wanted to come back to America. He begged of his wife to send him \$100 and his naturalization papers. "The nerve of the fellow," said his wife when she read his appeal, "No, I won't send him money or anything else, as I never want to see him again, if he comes over here and bothers me I'll have him

S. H. LESZYNSKY BANKRUPT.

Samuel H. Leszynsky, of No. 15 Broad-st., has iled a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of \$147,018 and nominal assets of \$5,503. He is a director of the Virginia, Fredericksburg and West-ern Railroad Company. He was a director in the Lenox Hill Bank fifteen years ago. Of the liabilities \$15,205 are secured by bonds of the Virginia, Fredericksburg and Western Railroad Company, \$127,710 are unsecured and \$4,103 are indorsements. Among the creditors are G. G. Leer, assignee of D. A. McLeod, \$7,000 on a note, which is disputed; W. D. Ellis, of Boston, \$5,000 claim for damages for bringing a suit. disputed; W. Edmonds, jr., & Co., of Liverpool, \$6,000 on notes; American Surety Company, \$12,971 on judgment; Perez, Triano & Co., \$10,500 on acceptations; N. Getman, of Richfield Springs, \$25,000, and the First National Bank of Richfield Springs, \$10,000 on a note. Mr. Leszynsky's assets consist of worthless notes, \$5,125; cash advanced to the Virginia, Fredericksburg and Western Railroad Company, \$377; claim for services against the same company, amount not mentioned: 1.920 shares of stock of the same company, value unknown; equity in bonds of the same company pledged as collateral, unknown; 180 shares of stock of the Gingues Tannery Com-pany, worthless, and cash in bank, \$1 43.

UNION MEN ON CHICAGO POSTOFFICE. Chicago, Sept. 1. -After several weeks of unsue

ssful efforts to carry on the construction of the new Federal Building with nonlunion iron workers, the contractor, Oscar Daniels, has signed the agreement of the Bridge and Structural Iron Workers' Union, and all the non-union men in his employ will be discharged and work resumed with union men on Tuesday morning.





EIGHTH AVENUE, FROM 35TH TO Furniture Entrance: New Annex, 260 to 268 West 36th Street, New York. September Sale of Popular Parlor Suits

WIG BAUMANN &

. . . Ready now for the most surprising sale of Parlor Furniture that the purchasing public has ever known! Weeks ago, by a very fortunate transaction, we secured control of these 5 handsome patterns. We've been holding them till you were prepared to buy. In quantity there's practically no limit. In point of quality there's positively no question as to their excellence. Your choice of design, for they differ slightly in shape and minor details. All are of first-class make, highly polished, with mahogany finished frames, good upholstery and covered in figured satin damask, Roman plush and other equally elegant materials. Your choice for

Library Furniture.

Library Table, in golden oak, with glass feet, highly polished, lower shelf, regular 11.55 Hall Stand, in mahogany fin-sh, polished, box seat, bevelled ish, polished, box seat, bevelled glass, coat hooks and umbrella rack regular \$9.00 7.75

Tufted Couch, of newest style excellent pattern, upholstered in fine velour; regular 11.65 value \$13.00; special at 11.65

Morris Chair, in excellent golden oak finish, very we tufted velour cushions, regular value, \$9.00; special at..... 

Ladies' Desk, in golden oak or mahogany, complete interior, regularly \$5.90; special at..... We Furnish Completely Hotels, Public Offices, Institutions, Churches, Schools, Clubs, Yachts and Steamships.

UPHOLSTERY DEPT.

Special introductory Sale of our full line of Portieres and Drapery Stuffs. At \$1.75 per pair—Reversible Armure Tapestry Portieres; reg. value \$3.75 At \$2.49 per pair—Heavy Reversible Armure and Repp Tapestry Portieres, regular value \$4.75.

t \$3,75 per pair-Heavy Ottoman Tapestry Portieres; regular value \$6.50. At \$4.98 per pair—Heavy Mercerized Tapestry Portieres; regular value \$9.50.

\$6.75, \$7.50, \$8.75, \$9.50, \$10.50 and up to \$50.00 per pair. We are showing for this Fall a large line of well selected designs and color-ing in Silk Damask, Lavonia Tam-belles, Silk Tapestry, Gobelin Tap-estries and Oriental Tapestries and

Embroideries. Estimates furnished for all styles of Draperies, Turkish Rooms, Cozy Corners, etc.

uary, comprising Oriental figures of richest coloring, graceful, artistic, elegant, for the adornment of the modern drawing room. Many magnificent pieces, including:

## CARPET DEPT.

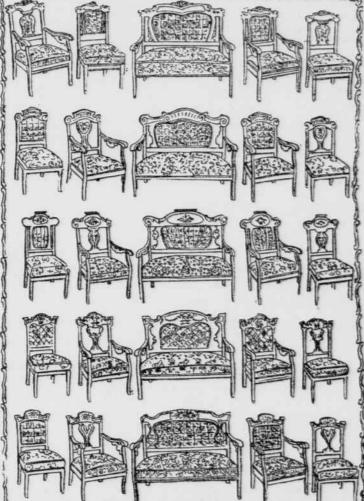
Fall refurnishing—in the carpet line is near at hand. We're prepared to fill all your wants when it's a q of Rugs, Carpets, Olicloths, Lin and Mattings.

Ingrains—Very desirable col-

Ingrains—Very desirable cor-ors and patterns—strong weave. 25c Tapestry Brussels-Strong Extra Tapestry Brussels-Excellent

quality — latest colors — made, 80c laid and lined, for..... Axminsters-Rich in design and shading-very extensive assor ment—choicest patterns, per 98c

CATALOGUES CATALOGUES.
Send 10c. for illustrated catalogue,
Juide to Housekeping," weighs
early 3 pounds, costs 21c. to mail,
at we pay the difference. Separate atalogues on application. New urniture Section No. 4 Now Ready



Dining Room Furniture. Dining-room Extension Table, in golden cak, 6 opened; regular \$9.90;

special at .. China Closet, in golden oak, Side Table, in golden oak, very

pretty design, highly polished, very well made; regular 9.95 \$11.50; special at...... 9.95 Sideboard, of golden oak, very handsome design, bevelled French plate mirror, carved top, stanchions and panels, drawers boards; regular \$13.85 12.10

Dining Chairs, golden oak frames, cane seats, str made and finished; regular price \$1.50; only

Bedroom Furniture.

Bedroom Suit, 3 pieces, golder ak, highly polished, bevelled miroak, highly porton back ror, splasher back washstand; the \$20.00 17.25 Golden Oak Chair and Rock

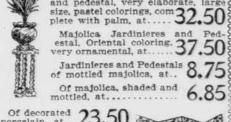
Chair, regular price

er, cane seats, strongly highly polished-

Bedroom Table, in golden oak, fancy shape, very pretty match suit; regular \$2.00; special..... 1.50 Chiffenier, in golden oak, with carved wood gallery; 5 drawers; regular \$6.90; special 5.50

Railroad Fare Allowed Out-of-Town
Purchasers. Freight Paid Within 500 Miles on all

## OPEN SATURDAYS { Froehlich Flawless Folding Iron Beds and All Other Kinds of Brass and Iron Beds. UNTIL 10 P. M. Jardinieres and Pedestals in all the approved wares, elaborately decorative in design and exceptionally novel. The assortment includes all grades and styles. Majolic Jardinieres, 16 in. size, and pedestal, very elaborate, large







Dresser (to match) of exceptionally choice style, in white enamelled finish; enamelled finish; highly polished; ext workman-swell front; cellent mings; oval mirror, 24x20; top, 36x20



An unequalled assortment of beautiful Bric-a-Brac, including the latest novelties in Toplitz, Royal Bonn, Royal Saxe, Copenhagen, Rookwood, Delft, Majolica and all other popular styles.

Loving Cups for 1.39 Pitchers for ..... 17e Centre Pieces for 2.29 Flox er Vases for 38e Vaces for ..... 1.19 Small Vases for .. 19e And all other fashionable ornaments at

equally low prices. 

MORAL QUESTION IN MANILA.

AN OBJECTION TO STATE REGULATION OF VICE.

Rochester, N. Y., Sept. 1.—The following memorial to President McKinley was adopted by the officers of the National American Woman Suffrage Assoclation at their business meeting in this city

Whereas. The European system of State regula-tion of vice has been introduced in Manila by the United States Army authorities; therefore Resolved, That we earnestly protest against this action for the following reasons: First—To issue permits to houses of ill-fame is contrary to good morals, and must impress both our soldiers and the natives as giving official sanction to vice.

contrary to good morals, and mast impless another solders and the natives as giving official sanction to vice.

Second—It is a violation of justice to apply to vicious women compulsory medical measures that are not applied to vicious men.

Third—Official regulation of vice, while it lowers the moral tone of the community everywhere, fails to protect the public health. In Paris, the head centre of the system, rigid regulation has prevalled for more than a century, yet that city is scourged to a notorious degree by the class of maiadles against which regulation is designed to guard, and the Municipal Council of Paris has repeatedly recommended its abolition. England tried it in her garrison towns for the benefit of her solders and sallors, and repealed it by a heavy Parliamentary majority, after seventeen years' experience had proved it a complete sanitary failure as well as a fruitful source of demoralization. It has been repealed throughout Switzerland, except in Geneva, and is the object of strong and growing opposition in every country where it still prevalls. State licensed and State supervised brothels are contrary to the spirit of American institutions, and in St. Louis, the only American city that ever tried the system, it was abolished at the end of four years, with only one dissenting vote in the City Council. The United States should not adopt a method which Europe is discarding, nor introduce in our foreign dependencies a system that would not be tolerated at home. We protest in the name of American womanhood, and we believe that this protest represents also the opinion of the best American manhood.

HUDSON COUNTY NOT REPRESENTED. Chairman William B. Gourley of the New-Jersey Democratic State Committee held a conference yes-terday afternoon in the committee rooms at Jersey City with the chairmen of county committee throughout the State. Hudson County was not represented. Chairman John A. Erickson received an invitation, but did not attend. Mr. Gourley expressed the opinion that the anti-imperialism and the anti-trust issues ought to draw a heavy vote from the Republicans this year. He also thought there would be marvellous results if proper organization was brought about. He said that 35 per cent of the Gold Democrats in New-Jersey would vote for Bryan. On Monday Mr. Gourley will confer with a number of influential Democrats from various parts of the State. CRUSHED TO DEATH BETWEEN CARS.

ressed the opinion that the anti-imperialism and

While testing air brakes yesterday in the Wuldo-

## A REMEDY FOR DRUNKENNESS.

THE REV. MR. CUTTEN'S EXPERIMENTS WITH HYPNOTIC TREATMENT.

New-Haven, Conn., Sept. 1 (Special).-The experiments which the Rev. George B. Cutten, pastor of the Howard Avenue Baptist Church, has been making this summer in the cure of intoxication and the cigarette habit by means of hypnotic suggestion are interesting the psychological students at the university who are in town. Mr. Cutten is a graduate of the Divinity School of two years ago, and in the football season of 1898 was centre rush on the Yale team.

Mr. Cutten's attention was first attracted to the possibilities of hypnotism as a means of curing evil habits by some amateur experiments two years ago. He at once took up its close study, and chose the theme for his thesis for a doctorate which he will present next spring at the Yale commencement, naming his thesis the "Psychology of Inebriates." To discover just what possibilities there were in store for the hypnotic experts, Mr. Cutten began store for the hypnotic experts, Mr. Cutten began a series of trials, which have borne interesting and unlooked for results. He has proved, first, that ordinary hypnotic treatment can effect a speedy change for the better in the case of an afflicted patient, and secondly, that such improvement is in most cases permanent. Thus far this summer Mr. Cutten has had four cases to which he has given close attention, and in all of them he says that he has effected cures. He believes that with ordinary care and attention drunkenness and the cigarette habit can be successfully eradicated, and is of the opinion that there is a great future for the hypnotist who will devote himself to such work among the criminal classes.

BURIED AT SEA WITH MASONIC HONORS.

AN ENGLISHMAN NAMED PAWSON DIED ON WAY FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO ISTHMUS.

Cumberland, Md., Sept. 1 (Special).-George J. French, of Guatemala, has written to his brother, C. Lee French, chief train dispatcher of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, an account of the burial of a Mason at sea, Mr. French, who is an engineer on the Guate-

maia Central Railroad, was travelling on the Pa-cific Mail steamer City of Para from San Francisco, where he had been on business, to Guate-mala. On the same boat was Arthur Pawson an Englishman, with his wife and two children, who had been in California for his health and was returning home, having experienced no benefit. It was his object to make a short cut home by way of the Isthmus of Panama, but he died after the vessel was out a week or so The fact was discovered that Pawson was a Mason and his body was buried at sea some miles off Acapulco. Mexico, with full Masonic honors.

ave yards of the Pennsylvania Railroad, Jersey City, William Englehardt, thirty-two years old, of No. 1664; Congress-st., was caught between two passenger cars and crushed to death. The Master Masons who officiated drew up a statement regarding the funeral, in which sympathy was expressed for the widow. Mr. French forwarded to his brother here a copy of the state-

rent, which is signed by the following Masons: Dr. Henry Dickinson, Kisco Lodge No. 708, New-York; Austin K. Tichenor, Excelsior Lodge No. 168, San Francisco Christian Dieterich, South San Francisco Lodge No. 212; James Frier, Peebles Lodge No. 24, Kelwinning, Scotland; Sulloun Fadell, Le R. Loge Le Liban, Beyrout, Syrla; Charles Robert Parsons, Washington Lodge No. 20, Sacramento, Cal; Arthur H. Galloway, Dorle Ledge No. 37, Sydney, New South Wales; John S. Lawton, United States Lodge No. 20, New-York.

TROLLEY CAR THROWN FIFTY FEET.

MOTORMAN WILL PROBABLY DIE FROM HIS IN JURIES-TWO OTHERS HURT.

Plainfield, N. J., Sept. 1 (Special).-The worst ac ident that has occurred on the Elizabeth and Westfield Street Railway Company's line between this city and Elizabeth since it was opened a year ago happened at 2 o'clock this morning, when a trolley car jumped the track at the curve at the corner of Summit and South aves., and plunged fifty feet across the street into a tree standing in the Central Railroad Station Park. The impact nearly split the car in two, and it was wrecked so

nearly split the car in two, and it was wrecked so that it will be impossible to repair it.

Martin Walsh, the motorman, of this city, was caught in the wreckage, and was injured so badly that it is thought he cannot recover. His skull was fractured, left leg broken in two places and his body was cut and bruised. The only other occupants of the car were E. V. Lorton, of East Third-st., this city, the conductor, who was on the rear platform and was badly injured by being thrown from the car, and Robert Eggert, another employe of the company, who was tossed about the inside of the car and seriously bruised.

"THE AYRES COLLECTION."

VALUABLE GIFT TO THE MOUNTAINSIDE HOS-PITAL AT MONTCLAIR

Montclair, N. J., Sept. 1 (Special) -- Morgan W Ayres and H. Messenger Ayres, two prominent physicians of this town, have presented to the Mountainside Hospital a medical and surgical collection and casts and a fine microscope. More than two hundred medical books will be added to the collection. The conditions upon which the gift was made are that it shall be called "The Ayres Collection," that it shall be kept intact, and that it shall be suitably arranged and displayed in cases. The gift is a valuable one and highly prized by the hospital authorities.

TEST OF THE HOLLAND SUCCESSFUL. Newport, R. I., Sept. 1 - Among naval men here to-day there was considerable discussion over the first night test of the submarine boat Holland, operating against a vessel with searchlights last night. The performance of the Holland seems to have been more satisfactory than even her advo-cates anticipated. The Holland went out in her usual trim, with her deck about two feet above the water. As long as the vessel carried her signal lights the tug Leyden, used as the target, had no trouble in locating her, but as soon as these were extinguished it was impossible to pick up the Holland, though she came within 150 yards of the tug.

REDUCTION IN WAGES EXPECTED ABOUT SEPTEMBER 15. Fall River, Mass., Sept. 1 (Special).-Brokers re-

THE PRINT CLOTH MARKET.

port that the sales in the local print cloth market during the week were a little less than fifty thou sand pieces. Of the total only three thousand pieces were the syndicate varieties. Nearly all of the sales were made in the first few days of the week; in the last half there was an almost entire absence of demand, and buyers refused to come into the markets at all. The news of a proposed reduction had given them a cue, and they were not buying in large quantities anyway. There was omething for them to gain by holding off until there was a reduction in pay, and consequently a chance to ask for lower prices. As a result all the brokers had to do was sit about and talk over the situation. The curtailing process will continue until September 15, the date fixed by the committee next week. Twenty-five mills will be shut down and 17.475 operatives in idleness, meaning a loss to hem of about \$93,700 in wages. To-day the manufacturers as a body are as silent

regarding their intentions as they were when it was first reported that a reduction was contemplated. There has been no meeting of the Manufacturers' Association, all reports to the contrary notwithstanding, and therefore no decided action regarding the matter. Business men in general and the operatives have raised a howl of indignation, and their feelings were not eased when they were informed to-day that the fine goods mills of Pawincket are about to raise wages 10 per cent. A prominent cotion goods man who is well posted in matters of interest in the mills said that the reduction was a certainty. Every treasurer in town has signed the agreement to cut. There will be no meeting of the Manufacturers' Association to vote upon the question, the signatures of all treasurers obviating the necessity of a meeting. The first real intimation the town will get of the amount of the reduction and the date will be when the operatives enter the mills and find notices posted upon the walls. This may happen, he said, about the middle of next week. It is generally admirted that any proposed action will go into effect September 17. As the discussion goes on the market remains firm, but dull, at 2% cents for odds and 4% cents for regulars. egarding their intentions as they were when it

SCHEDULES OF LOUIS SILVERSTONE.

Schedules in bankruptcy of Louis Silverstone othing dealer at Nos. 188 and 190 Park Row, show liabilities of \$35,525 and nominal assets of \$68,500, consisting of stock \$15,000, and equities in real estate, \$53,500. He has a third undivided interest in No. 188 to 192 Park Row, valued at \$41,000, and morrgaged for \$75,000, and a half undivided inter-est in No. 5 Mott-st., value, \$12,500; mortgage,

DEMOCRATS NOMINATE T. J. PRICKETT. Atlantic City, N. J., Sept. 1.-Thomas J. Prickett, for Congress to-day by acclamation by the Hd District Democratic Convention. His only opponent was Mayor Richard Norton of Hightstown, Mercer County, who withdrew before the vote was announced. Resolutions indorsing the Kansas City platform were adopted.